

Exercise 3

Vertices $p_1 = (1, 2)$, $p_2 = (2, 3)$
and $p_3 = (4, 1)$

F_5^2 over the field F_5 with 5 elements

$p_i p_j$ divided by t_{ij}

$$T_{12} = 1, T_{23} = 2 \text{ and } T_{31} = 3$$

$p_1 t_{23}$, $p_2 t_{31}$ and $p_3 t_{12}$ concurrent?

If yes determine their intersection?

Solution

Assume that the vertices of the triangle have the coordinates

$$p_1 = (1, 0, 0) \quad p_2 = (0, 1, 0), \quad p_3 = (0, 0, 1)$$

in affine F_3 . Then t_{ij} have coordinates

$$T_{12} = \frac{1}{1 + T_{12}} (1, T_{12}, 0)$$

$$T_{23} = \frac{1}{1 + T_{23}} (0, 1, T_{23})$$

$$T_{31} = \frac{1}{1 + T_{31}} (T_{31}, 0, 1)$$

Exercise 3

Lines through t_{ij} and P_k are given as the intersection of the triangle plane $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$ with the planes

$$T_{12} x_1 = x_2$$

$$T_{23} x_2 = x_3$$

$$T_{31} x_3 = x_1$$

$$T_{12} = 1 T_{23} = 2 T_{31} = 3$$

$$T_{12} = \frac{1}{1+1} (1, 1, 0) = \frac{1}{2} (1, 1, 0)$$

$$T_{23} = \frac{1}{1+2} (0, 1, 2) = \frac{1}{3} (0, 1, 2)$$

$$T_{31} = \frac{1}{1+3} (3, 1, 0) = \frac{1}{4} (3, 1, 0)$$

Assume the 3 lines are concurrent. Therefore there is common intersection point (x_1, x_2, x_3) of the 4 planes and its coordinates satisfy all the 4 equations.

Exercise 3

$$x_i \neq 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1 \quad \text{multiply both sides by}$$
$$T_{12} T_{23} T_{31} = 1 \quad \text{you get.}$$

$T_{12} T_{23} T_{31} = 1$ it is not parallel because at least two points intersect in point q .

Assume the lines P_1, t_{23} then q satisfy the equation $T_{23} x_2 = x_3$ and $P_2 T_{31} \rightarrow T_{31} x_3 = x_1$

$$P_1 \rightarrow (1, 2) \quad T_{23} = 2$$

$$(1, 2) 2 \rightarrow 2x_2 = x_3$$

$T_{12} T_{23} T_{31} = 1$ it satisfy the first equation $T_{12} x_1 = x_2$ and q lies on $P_3 t_{12}$. Therefore bijective affine map from affine plane $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$ to F^2